CHICAGO ARTS PARTNERSHIPS IN EDUCATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

TOGETHER WITH AUDITOR'S REPORT

Dugan & Lopatka

Michael J. Dugan Jerry L. Lopatka Mark F. Schultz Peter J. Zich Leo M. Misdom Certified Public Accountants & Consultants
A Professional Corporation
104 East Roosevelt Road
Wheaton, Illinois 60187
(630) 665-4440
Fax (630) 665-5030
www.duganlopatka.com
e-mail: info@duganlopatka.com

Karen M. Olson Hugh E. Elliott Ronald A. Marklund

Gwen S. Henry

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Chicago Arts Partnerships in Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Chicago Arts Partnerships in Education (a nonprofit organization) which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Chicago Arts Partnerships in Education as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in its net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information on Schedule 1 is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Wheaton, Illinois November 9, 2016 DUGAN & LOPATKA

CHICAGO ARTS PARTNERSHIPS IN EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

	2016		2015	
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	190,608	\$	149,761
- Temporarily restricted		75,000		135,000
Cash held for others		146		3,146
Grants receivable - Unrestricted		69,164		249,816
- Temporarily restricted		115,000		257,500
Pledges receivable - Temporarily restricted		35,892		22,370
Investments		290,815		188,523
Prepaid expense		10,340		12,093
Total current assets		786,965		1,018,209
FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT:				
Computer equipment		12,524		78,906
Furniture and fixtures		20,331		20,330
Leasehold improvements		6,334		6,334
		39,189		105,570
Less - Accumulated depreciation		(28,854)		(100,076)
Net property and equipment		10,335		5,494
OTHER ASSETS:				
Pledges receivable - Temporarily restricted		73,559		61,200
Total assets	\$	870,859		1,084,903
<u>LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS</u>				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$	25,136	\$	29,914
Funds held for others		146		3,146
Total current liabilities		25,282		33,060
COMMITMENTS				
NET ASSETS:				
Unrestricted - Undesignated		195,915		225,662
- Board-designated reserve		350,111		350,111
Temporarily restricted		299,551		476,070
Total net assets		845,577		1,051,843
	\$	870,859	\$	1,084,903

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CHICAGO ARTS PARTNERSHIPS IN EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

	2016			2015			
	Temporarily		Temporarily		· · ·		
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	
SUPPORT AND REVENUE:							
Program revenues	\$ 270,228	\$ -	\$ 270,228	\$ 214,979	\$ -	\$ 214,979	
Contributed income -							
Government grants	643,712	75,000	718,712	460,587	65,000	525,587	
Corporate	9,000	-	9,000	126,500	80,000	206,500	
Foundations	162,250	40,000	202,250	144,500	247,500	392,000	
Individuals	23,679	75,100	98,779	53,473	83,570	137,043	
In-kind donations	111,301	-	111,301	56,577	-	56,577	
Special events	9,786	-	9,786	6,263	-	6,263	
Unrealized gain on investments	3,308	-	3,308	2,931	-	2,931	
Interest and dividend income	2,576		2,576	1,308		1,308	
Total support and revenue	1,235,840	190,100	1,425,940	1,067,118	476,070	1,543,188	
Net assets released from restrictions -	066610	(2.66.610)		205.000	(205.000)		
Satisfaction of program restrictions	366,619	(366,619)		295,000	(295,000)		
Net support and revenue	1,602,459	(176,519)	1,425,940	1,362,118	181,070	1,543,188	
EXPENSES:							
Program	1,064,641	-	1,064,641	926,013	-	926,013	
Management and general	391,551	-	391,551	307,809	-	307,809	
Fundraising	176,014		176,014	89,855		89,855	
Total expenses	1,632,206		1,632,206	1,323,677	-	1,323,677	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(29,747)	(176,519)	(206,266)	38,441	181,070	219,511	
NET ASSETS, Beginning of year	575,773	476,070	1,051,843	537,332	295,000	832,332	
NET ASSETS, End of year	\$ 546,026	\$ 299,551	\$ 845,577	\$ 575,773	\$ 476,070	\$ 1,051,843	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CHICAGO ARTS PARTNERSHIPS IN EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

	2016		 2015	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Change in total net assets	\$	(206,266)	\$ 219,511	
Adjustments to reconcile change in total net assets				
to net cash provided by operating activities:		2.650	2 726	
Depreciation		2,659	2,726	
Unrealized (gain) on investments		(3,308)	(2,931)	
Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in grants receivables		222 152	(122 212)	
(Increase) in pledge receivables		323,152	(132,213)	
(Increase) in pleage receivables (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		(25,881) 1,753	(83,570) (4,665)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(7,778)	22,259	
increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(7,778)	 22,239	
Net cash provided by operating activities		84,331	 21,117	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of fixed assets		(7,500)	(2,617)	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		-	848	
Proceeds from sales of investments		128,307	150,095	
Purchase of investments		(227,291)	 (51,264)	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(106,484)	 97,062	
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(22,153)	118,179	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of year		287,907	 169,728	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of year	_\$_	265,754	\$ 287,907	

CHICAGO ARTS PARTNERSHIPS IN EDUCATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES:

Chicago Arts Partnerships in Education (CAPE) was incorporated as a not-for-profit organization in 1993 under the laws of the State of Illinois. CAPE's mission is to make quality arts education a central part of the daily learning experiences of students in Chicago Public Schools, to fully integrate the arts with the overall education programs of schools, to coordinate the funding of neighborhood-based partnerships between schools, art and community organizations, and to provide technical assistance to support those partnerships.

The financial statements were available to be issued on November 9, 2016, with subsequent events being evaluated through this date.

The following summarizes the significant accounting policies and practices reflected in the accompanying financial statements:

Basis of Accounting -

The accounting records of CAPE are maintained on the accrual basis which recognizes revenue as it is earned and expenses as they are incurred.

Cash and Cash Equivalents -

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, CAPE considers all highly liquid instruments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Concentrations of Credit Risk -

Financial instruments which potentially subject CAPE to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash. CAPE places its cash and deposits with high credit quality financial institutions; however, deposits may exceed the federally insured limits in various banks from time to time.

Receivables -

Receivables consist of grants and amounts due from program services which are due within one year. CAPE made an analysis of historical collection experience and a review of the current status of grants and other receivables and determined no allowance is considered necessary.

Pledges Receivable -

Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of their estimated future cash flows. The discounts on those amounts are computed using risk-free interest rates applicable to the years in which the promises are received. Amortization of the discounts is included in contribution revenue. Conditional promises to give are not included as support until the conditions are substantially met.

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES: (Continued)

Investments -

Investments are carried at fair value. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are reflected in the statement of activities.

Furniture and Equipment -

CAPE follows the practice of capitalizing all expenditures and property and equipment having a useful life in excess of one year. Property and equipment are recorded at cost or, if donated, at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation and are depreciated over their estimated useful lives, which range from 3 to 5 years, using the straight-line method.

Basis of Presentation -

CAPE is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets.

Unrestricted net assets - Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations. The Board has designated \$350,111 as a contingency reserve as of June 30, 2016 and 2015.

Temporarily restricted net assets - Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that will be met, either by actions of CAPE and/or the passage of time.

Temporarily restricted net assets are comprised of the following:

	2	2015		
National Endowment for the Arts	\$	75,000	\$	55,000
Fry Foundation		30,000		-
Mansfield Foundation		10,000		10,000
City Arts		_		10,000
Boeing Co		-		30,000
Crown Family		-		62,500
Bloomberg Family Foundation		75,000		150,000
Young Audiences, Inc.		-		25,000
Target		-		50,000
Various individuals		109,551		83,570
Total	\$	299,551	\$	476,070

Permanently restricted net assets - Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that they be maintained permanently by CAPE. Generally, the donors of these assets permit CAPE to use all or part of the income earned on any related investments for general or specific purposes. There are no permanently restricted net assets as of June 30, 2016 and 2015.

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES: (Continued)

Restricted and Unrestricted Revenue and Support -

Contributions received are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted support, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions.

Support that is restricted by the donor is reported as an increase in unrestricted net assets if the restriction expires in the reporting period in which the support is recognized. All other donor-restricted support is reported as an increase in temporarily or permanently restricted net assets, depending on the nature of the restriction. When a restriction expires (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished), temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Use of Estimates -

CAPE prepares its financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles which require the use of estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Allocation of Expenses -

The costs of providing the various programs and supporting services have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the program and supporting services benefited.

(2) INCOME TAXES:

CAPE is a non-profit Illinois corporation organized for charitable purposes, exempt from income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code. CAPE is a public charity and, thus, contributions by the public are deductible for income tax purposes.

CAPE files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and Illinois. With few exceptions, CAPE is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local, or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2012. CAPE does not expect a material net change in unrecognized tax benefits in the next twelve months.

(3) PLEDGES RECEIVABLE:

Included in pledges receivable are the following unconditional promises to give:

		2016	2	2015
Promises to give Less - Unamortized discounts	\$	114,027 4,576	\$	87,575 4,005
Net unconditional promises to give	<u>\$</u>	109,451	<u>\$</u>	83,570
Amounts due in: Less than one year One to five years	\$	35,892 73,559	\$	22,370 61,200
	\$	109,451	\$	83,570

(4) INVESTMENTS:

Investments as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

		2016		2015
Mutual funds Money market funds Certificates of deposit	\$	290,815	\$	60,217 100,138 28,168
Total investments	<u>\$</u>	290,815	<u>\$</u>	188,523

(5) FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

CAPE adopted Accounting Standards Codification (ASC), Fair Value Measurements. The ASC establishes a single definition of fair value and a framework for measuring fair value, sets out a fair value hierarchy to be used to classify the source of information used in fair value measurement and expands disclosures about fair value measurements required under other accounting pronouncements. It does not change existing guidance as to whether or not an instrument is carried at fair value.

The ASC established market and observable inputs as the preferred source of values, followed by assumptions based on hypothetical transactions in the absence of market inputs.

The valuation techniques are based upon observable and unobservable inputs. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect CAPE's market assumptions. These two types of inputs create the following fair value hierarchy.

Level 1:

Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2:

Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3:

Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

(5) FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS: (Continued)

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2016 and 2015.

<u>Mutual Funds</u>: Valued at the closing price (net asset value) reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

Money Market: Valued at amortized cost which approximates fair value.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although CAPE believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, CAPE's assets at fair value:

	Assets at Fair Value as of June 30, 2016				
<u>Description</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Total
Mutual funds - Index funds Money market funds	\$ 290,815	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$	290,815
Total assets at fair value	\$ 290,815	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>		290,815
Certificates of deposit					-
Total investments				<u>\$</u>	290,815
	Δ \$\$6	ets at Fair Value	as of June 30, 2	015	
<u>Description</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Total
Mutual funds – Index funds Money market funds	\$ 60,217 100,138	\$ - -	\$ -	\$	60,217 100,138
Total assets at fair value	<u>\$ 160,355</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>		160,355
0-4:6 4 61 34					
Certificates of deposit					28,168

(6) LEASE COMMITMENTS:

CAPE leases its office under an operating lease that expires in May, 2021. In addition, CAPE has an operating lease agreement for rental of a copier expiring in March, 2020. Rent expense under these operating leases, which includes common area maintenance charges and applicable taxes, was \$79,466 and \$69,192 in 2016 and 2015, respectively.

The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2017	\$ 86,300
2018	88,650
2019	91,000
2020	91,799
2021	81,858

(7) RETIREMENT PLAN:

CAPE has a qualified defined contribution plan 401(k) plan for all qualified employees. The employees may make voluntary pretax contributions to the plan, up to the maximum amount permitted under the Internal Revenue Code. CAPE makes matching contributions of 50% of each employee's contribution, up to 6% of eligible wages. Employer contributions for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were \$14,970 and \$14,170, respectively.

(8) CONCENTRATION OF GRANTS:

For the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, approximately 45% and 29%, respectively, of CAPE's support and revenues was provided by a pass-through grant from the Illinois State Board of Education's 21st Century Community Learning Centers Program funded by the U.S. Department of Education.

(9) FUNDS HELD FOR OTHERS:

CAPE is acting as an agent for various individuals. CAPE holds the funds and disburses them as needed within required limits and purpose.

The following shows the transactions that have occurred during the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	2	2016		
Beginning balance Receipts Disbursements	\$	3,146 - (3,000)	\$	2,521 3,000 (2,375)
Ending balance	<u>\$</u>	146	\$	3,146

CHICAGO ARTS PARTNERSHIPS IN EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

2015 2016 General General Program Total Total and and Program Services Administrative **Fundraising** Expenses Services Administrative **Fundraising** Expenses 87,562 72,137 565,576 \$ \$ 485,915 333,120 102,659 \$ 129,797 \$ 326,216 Salaries, taxes and benefits 243,643 322,958 820 323,778 475 244,118 Artist fees 151,521 413 151,934 Teacher stipends and other personnel 218,139 217,939 200 41,877 277 42,154 Non-teaching personnel and presenters 45,489 100 45,589 9,691 71,807 52,264 11,322 68,651 54,001 8.115 5,065 Supplies and materials 66,331 55,102 66,331 55,102 Research and development 9,368 3,662 29,708 18,145 10,503 1,133 29,781 Conference fees and travel 16,678 7.099 740 5,556 2,071 8,367 2,366 3,945 788 Brochures and postage 2,312 1,836 8,629 10,465 249 2,063 Website 25,000 142,126 1,200 55,000 875 57,075 114,000 Designers and consultants 3.126 300 300 Photography 488 81,992 82,614 1,558 85,268 55 86,881 134 Rent, utilities, and moving 33,722 34,151 21,764 642 11,286 22,858 7 11,316 Accounting 2,427 9,403 14,441 1,651 5,325 12,051 2,390 Office expenses 15,056 9,302 9,302 12 15,044 Insurance 110 2,738 110 908 1,829 Resource materials 2,659 2,659 2,726 2,726 Depreciation 16,299 16,584 285 290 15,999 1,237 17,526 Dues and subscriptions 680 605 465 215 Temporary services 45 560 198 160 160 Miscellaneous 198 926,013 307,809 89,855 \$ 1,323,677 391,551 176,014 \$ 1,632,206 Total functional expenses \$ 1,064,641